

The writer chanced to see the inconspicuous *Krigia virginica* while collecting Lecheas. The habitat was a rocky roadside in the partial shade of *Picea* sp. and *Abies balsamea*. The nearest recorded station is in the township of Wells, Maine, at least fifty miles southwest of Sagadahoc County.

Specimens have been placed in the herbarium of the New England Botanical Club.—A. R. HODGDON, Gray Herbarium.

NOTES ON SOME RARE PLANTS OF YORK COUNTY MAINE

ANNE E. PERKINS

HAVING returned to Berwick, York County, Maine three years ago, after a long absence, I have been giving considerable attention to the natural history of my native county and state. Among the many plants which I have collected these few years are a number of species of rare occurrence in Maine, which some of my correspondents have urged me to report. Specimens of some of these species have been sent to Gray Herbarium, and to the Portland Society of Natural History, and all of my York County specimens are in the Herbarium of Cornell University.

THELYPTERIS HEXAGANOPTERA. Waterboro, York County, has a large station of this fern.

CAREX VESTITA. This sedge literally invests whole marshes at Wells Beach.

JUNCUS TORREYI. In September 1932, I found a large station of this rush just above the shore of the estuary of the Salmon Falls River in South Berwick. During the season of 1933, I found very little of the plant, as the entire piece of ground was ploughed, the first time that I have known it to be disturbed. During the season of 1934 the plant had disappeared.

IRIS PRISMATICA. This still occurs freely on the marshes of Wells Beach.

ACNIDA CANNABINA. This occurs in profusion in the estuary of the Salmon Falls River at South Berwick.

ANEMONELLA THALICTROIDES. This plant, which I have every reason to know grew formerly in Berwick has not yet been established in Maine by a specimen. There is a patch of it in New Hampshire just across the river from South Berwick, not a long stone's throw from South Berwick.

CIMICIFUGA RACEMOSA. This I have collected twice in North Berwick in woods not far from Bauneg Beg Pond, and also by the wayside.

PODOPHYLLUM PELTATUM. A large circle of this plant in a pasture in Alfred, planted there many years ago by the Shakers who had a

colony there for many years, thrives and appears year after year. It is not known to have spread from the original planting.

SASSAFRAS VARIIFOLIUM. Occurs freely in North Berwick, Sanford and York. I recall it from childhood in Sanford and North Berwick, and at present in both places there are some of the largest trees that I have seen anywhere. At Oak Hill, Sanford it is plentiful on the property of Herbert Allen; his father used to make stanchions of the wood in his barn.

BENZOIN AESTIVALE. This I found in Eliot in 1934, and though through the cutting of bushes all of the large plants were cut, there are now quite a number of young sprouts appearing by the road side. This had not been found in forty years. It was reported in York County by Dr. Aaron Young in 1847, and about forty years ago it was collected in North Berwick by John C. Parlin.

TILLAEA AQUATICA. Collected in the estuary at South Berwick in 1934.

CYTISUS SCOPARIUS. Apparently established at Perkins Cove, Ogunquit in Wells. It was severely affected by the severe winter of 1933-34.

LATHYRUS PRATENSIS. I first collected this plant at Stromberg Corner, North Berwick, in 1927. It now covers a large area there.

KALMIA LATIFOLIA. A station in Wells, covering perhaps half an acre, has suffered greatly from the wanton breaking of bushes and digging of the plants by those who come miles for it. A large station of *Rhododendron maximum* in Sanford suffers similar deprivations.

SAMOLUS FLORIBUNDUS. Quite plentiful in the estuary of South Berwick.

PYCNANTHEMUM FLEXUOSUM. Has grown in Berwick for many years.

PYCNANTHEMUM MUTICUM. I first found this plant in Berwick in August 1919; since that time it has increased. It grows along the road side less than a mile from our house.

LIMOSELLA SUBULATA. Collected in 1934 on the estuary, Berwick.

BIDENS HYPERBOREA. Has been collected in brooks in Berwick and along the Salmon Falls River at South Berwick.

BERWICK, Maine.

Volume 37, no. 442, including pages 349-372, was issued 5 October, 1935.